

Staff Report

Infill Housing Design Review Committee

File Number: 12-B-24-IH

Meeting: 12/18/2024

Applicant: Roy Anderson Anderson Builders

Owner: Miguel de Santiago

Property Information

Location: 3350 Midway St. Parcel ID 81 H D 028

Zoning: RN-2 (Single-Family Residential Neighborhood), HP (Hillside Preservation Overlay)

District: Lonsdale Infill Housing Overlay District

Description of Work

Level III New Primary Structure

New primary structure fronting Midway Street. One-story residence features a front-gable roof (8/12 pitch) clad in asphalt shingles , an exterior of vinyl lap siding , and a slab foundation clad in stucco . The house features a 6' deep , full-length front porch with a front-gable roof projecting below the main roofline supported by four 10'' framed columns. The building measures 24' wide by 56' deep and is to be set 26' from the front property line. Parking is a 12' wide concrete pad located in front of the house and accessed from Midway Street.

The façade (west) is three bays wide, featuring single-hung windows flanking a centered quarter-lite door. The left elevation features three single-hung windows, one of which is smaller than the others. The right elevation features two single-hung windows and a secondary entrance with a full-lite door and 4' by 4' stoop. The rear elevation features one single-hung window. All windows and doors feature PVC trim.

Applicable Design Guidelines

Heart of Knoxville Infill Housing Design Guidelines

- 1. Front Yards
- Consistent front yard space should be created along the street with the setback of a new house matching the older houses on the block.
- A walkway should be provided from the sidewalk or street to the front door. Along grid streets, the walk should be perpendicular to the street.
- Healthy trees that are outside the building footprint should be preserved. The root area should be marked and protected during construction.
- 2. Housing Orientation
- New housing should be proportional to the dimensions of the lot and other houses on the block.
- On corner lots, side yard setbacks should be handled traditionally (that is, closer to the side street). The zoning requirement to treat corner lots as having two frontages should not apply in Heart of Knoxville neighborhoods.
- Side yard setbacks should be similar to older houses on the block, keeping the rhythm of spacing between houses consistent.

3. Alleys, Parking, and Services

- Parking should not be in front yards.
- Alley access should be used for garage or parking pad locations. On level ground, pea gravel or similar material may be used as a parking pad off alleys.
- On streets without alleys, garages or parking pads should be at least 20 feet behind the front façade of the infill house with access limited to one lane between the street and the front façade.
- Garages which are perpendicular to the alley should be about 18 feet from the center line of the alley pavement, allowing a comfortable turning radius for a driver to enter a garage.
- Alley-oriented parking pads, garbage collection points, and utility boxes should be screened with a combination of landscaping and fencing.
- On those streets which have alleys, driveways should not be permitted from the front of the house.
- On corner lots, a driveway to the garage may be provided off the side street.

4. Scale, Mass, and Foundation Height

- The front elevation should be designed to be similar in scale to other houses along the street.
- The front façade of new houses should be about the same width as original houses on the block.
- New foundations should be about the same height as the original houses in the neighborhood.
- If greater height is to be created (with new construction or an addition), that portion of the house should be located toward the side or rear of the property.

5. Porches and Stoops

- Porches should be part of the housing design in those neighborhoods where porches were commonplace.
- Porches should be proportional to original porches on the block, extending about 8-12 feet toward the street from the habitable portion of the house.
- Porches should extend into the front yard setback, if necessary, to maintain consistency with similarly sited porches along the street.
- Porch posts and railings should be like those used in the historic era of the neighborhood's development. Wrought iron columns and other materials that were not used in the early 1900's should not be used.
- Small stoops centered on entry and no more than 5 feet deep are appropriate on blocks where porches were not traditional.

6. Windows and Doors

- When constructing new houses, the window and door styles should be similar to the original or historic houses on the block.
- To respect the privacy of adjacent properties, consider the placement of side windows and doors.
- The windows and doors on the front facade of an infill house should be located in similar proportion and position as the original houses on the block.
- Attention should be paid to window placement and the ratio of solid (the wall) to void (the window and door openings).
- Contemporary windows such as "picture windows" should not be used in pre-World War II neighborhoods.

7. Roof Shapes and Materials

- New roofs should be designed to have a similar pitch to original housing on the block
- More complex roofs, such as hipped roofs and dormers, should be part of new housing designs when such forms were historically used on the block.
- Darker shades of shingle were often used and should be chosen in roofing houses in Heart of Knoxville neighborhoods.

8. Siding Material

- Clapboard-like materials (such as cement fiberboard) should be used in constructing new housing where painted wood siding was traditionally used.

- Brick, wood shingle, and other less common material may be appropriate in some older neighborhoods, particularly those with a mix of architectural styles.
- Faced stone, vertical siding, and other non-historic materials should not be used in building new houses. In 1930-1950 era neighborhoods, faced stone may be appropriate (see Section 12).
- 11. Landscape and Other Considerations
- One native or naturalized shade tree should be planted in the front and rear yards of in fill lots with 25 feet or more in depth to front of house.

Comments

- 1. The house is proposed to be set 32' from the front property line, with a 6' deep front porch at 26' from the front property line. The average front setback of the block is 24.1'. The adjacent houses are 19' and 25' from the front property line, and the subject property line is recessed approximately 6' behind those of the adjacent houses. The front setback should be revised to align with the adjacent houses. The final site plan should include a walkway from the front door to the street.
- 2. The block to receive new construction is characterized by Minimal Traditionals, modified Queen Anne cottages, and infill construction, which are mostly small one-story, rectangular plan houses. The three-bay façade is proportionate to the dimensions of the lot, and the house has side setbacks consistent with similarly sized lots on the block.
- 3. Infill Housing design guidelines recommend that on lots without alleys, new driveways should be at least 20' behind the front façade of the infill house with access limited to one lane between the street and the front façade. Parking is currently proposed for the front yard and should be revised to meet guidelines. The final site plan should meet City Engineering standards.
- 4. The façade is similar in scale and height to the neighborhood context.
- 5. The design guidelines recommend that front porches extend "about 8-12 feet toward the street." The house incorporates a 6' deep, full-length front porch. The Board should discuss the depth of the porch.
- 6. Guidelines recommend window and door styles be similar to historic houses on the block, with similar placement and ratio of solid to void. All elevations feature sufficient transparency for the neighborhood context, and the windows benefit from the trim and sills.
- 7. The 8/12 roof pitch meets the neighborhood context, and the 1'-4" eave overhangs and rake end trim benefit the overall design of the house.
- 8. The asphalt shingles, vinyl "traditional" lap siding, and stucco clad foundation meet the design guidelines.
- 9. The final site plan should incorporate one native or naturalized shade tree in the front and rear yards.

Recommendation

Staff recommends approval of Certificate 12-B-24-IH, subject to the following conditions: 1) front setback to be revised to align with adjacent houses; 2) final site plan be revised to avoid front yard parking, with approval by staff; 3) final site plan to include a walkway from the front door to the street; 4) porch depth to be revised to 8'; 5) final site plan to meet City Engineering standards; 6) final site plan to include one tree in front and rear yards.



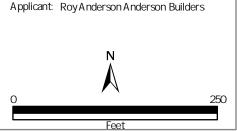




3350 Midway St.

Lonsdale Infill Housing Overlay District

Original Print Date: 12/6/2024 Revised: Knoxville/Knox County Planning - Infill Housing Design Review Committee



	DESIGN DEVIEW	REQUEST			
	DESIGN REVIEW REQUEST				
	☐ DOWNTOWN DESIGN (DK)				
Planning KNOXVIILLE I KNOX COUNTY	☐ HISTORIC ZONING (H) ☐ INFILL HOUSING (IH)				
Ray Anderson					
Applicant		1:	2-B-24-IH		
Date Filed	Meeting Date (if applicable)	Fil	e Number(s)		
CORRESPONDENCE All correspondence related to this application should be directed to the approved contact listed below.					
BINI AMUSON Anchitect/Landscape Architect Phodeson Builders					
Boy Andersor					
235 Lovely R	St. 12 (42)	ocky Top T	N 37769		
Address	City		ate Zíp		
815-201-1390 prodersin Builders 1944@ quail. com					
Phone	Email	V			
CURRENT PROPERTY INFO					
Miquel de Sa		18/14 Bright	knowille TN3792		
Owner Name (if different from applic	77	all is a	Owner Phone		
3350 Midnay	St. 379d1 C	2800H18			
Property Address		Parcel ID			
Forest Par	K				
Neighborhood		Zoning			
AUTHORIZATION					
Lindsay Crocker Staff Signature	Please Print		Date		

Roy Anderson

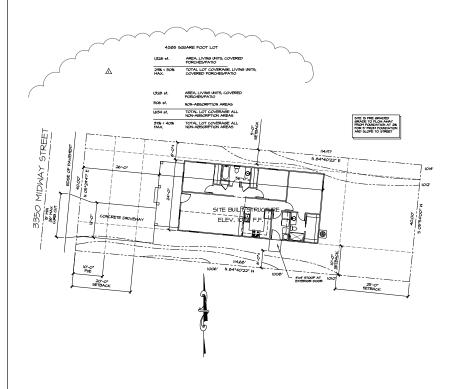


11/18/24

REQUEST

DOWNTOWN DESIGN	Level 1: Signs					
HISTORIC ZONING	Level 1: Signs Routine repair of siding, windows, roof, or other features, in-kind; Installation of gutters, storm windows/doors Level 2: Major repair, removal, or replacement of architectural elements or materials Additions and accessory structures Level 3: Construction of a new primary building Level 4: Relocation of a contributing structure Demolition of a contributing structure See required Historic Zoning attachment for more details. Brief description of work:					
INFILL HOUSING						
STAFF USE ONLY	ATTACHMENTS Downtown Design Checklist Historic Zoning Design Checklist Infill Housing Design Checklist ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS Property Owners / Option Holders Level 1: \$50 • Level 2: \$100 • Level 3: \$250 • Level 4: \$500	FEE 2: FEE 3: Pd. 1	TOTAL: \$250.00 11/19/2024, SG			

MERCADO SPEC KNOXVILLE





SHEET INDEX

6000 TITLE SHEET

GENERAL NOTES, NAILING SCHEDULE, & SYMBOLS LEGEND 6001

AlOI FIRST FLOOR PLAN / SECOND FLOOR PLAN ELEVATIONS / WALL SECTION
REFLECTED CEILING PLANS / ROOF PLANS
WALL SECTION / FIRE WALL DETAIL

A301

A401 5101 ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS FIRST AND SECOND FLOOR BRACED WALL PLANS

5201 FOUNDATION PLAN / FLOOR FRAMING PLAN

5301 ROOF FRAMING PLAN

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS CONSTRUCTION DETAILS 5402

PLUMBING PLAN

BUILDING ANALYSIS

R3 OCCUPANCY TYPE
VB CONSTRUCTION TYPE
ONE STORY
536 sf FIRST FLOOR

120 sf COVERED FRONT PORCH

SCOPE OF WORK.
CONSTRUCTION OF NEW RESIDENCE ONE
STORT, 3 BEDROOM 2 BATH ON SLAB
FOUNDATION, AS PER 2016 IRC WORK
FALL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO
SITE CLEARING AND GRADE, SITE WORK 4
PRAINAGE STEINS, COPPLETE FORM
WOR

SYMBOLS LEGEND

SECTION IP. #

DETAIL ID. *

E DETAIL ID: #

PLUMBING ID. #

★ MECHANICAL ID #

MECHANICAL ID #

MINDOM I WIDTH IN FEET & INCHES -HEIGHT IN FEET & INCHES



REVISIONS BY ⚠ II/I/2024 RJ

SPEC 3350 MIDWAY STREE' KNOXVILLE TN **MERCADO**

COVER SHEET

DESIGN & DRAFTING
SECRET BORNESSES BENEVICE
BORNESSES BENEVICE
BORNESSES BENEVICE
BORNESSES BENEVICENT
(666) 5944-602. PREPROPRILLON



DATE 10/3/2024 SCALE N.T.S. DRAM R.J.

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