# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Prepared By: Knox County Department of Finance

# KNOXVILLE – KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Knoxville, Tennessee

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

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Knoxville, Tennessee

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## INTRODUCTORY SECTION

### **COMMISSION MEMBERS**

June 30, 2022

## **Representing the City of Knoxville:**

Ms. Karyn Adams

Mr. Nathaniel Shelso

Mr. Logan Higgins

Mr. Tim Hill

Ms. Amy Midis

Ms. Marite Perez

Mr. Patrick Phillips, Chairman

## **Representing Knox County:**

Ms. Tamara Boyer

Mr. Louis Browning

Mr. Richard Graf

Mr. Jim Nichols

Mr. Chris Ooten

Mr. Jeffery W. Roth

Mr. Eddie Smith

Mr. Scott Smith, Vice Chair

FINANCIAL SECTION



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners of the Knoxville - Knox County Planning Commission Knoxville, Tennessee

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major government fund (the general fund) of the Knoxville – Knox County Planning Commission ("Commission"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major governmental fund of the Knoxville – Knox County Planning Commission, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The supplementary information section, as listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information section is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section as listed in the table of contents. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the information exists, we are required to describe it on our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2022 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Knoxville – Knox County Planning Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pugh & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants Knoxville, Tennessee December 21, 2022





## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the Knoxville - Knox County Planning Commission (the Commission), we offer the readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the information provided in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and supplementary information when reviewing the Commission's financial activities and condition.

## **Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2022**

- The assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,372,125 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$2,976,181 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Commission's total net position increased by \$512,325. This increase is the result of a combination of increased revenues in various categories.
- The Commission's ending cash increased by \$692,445 while grants receivable decreased by \$88,731 related to the decrease in grant revenues.
- The Commission's total liabilities increased by \$36,258 primarily due to an increase in accounts payable and compensated absences.

## **Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2021**

- The assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,859,800 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$2,417,694 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Commission's total net position increased by \$634,623. This increase is the result of increased revenues primarily from grants related to the TDOT Section 5310 grant for the purchase of vans for local non-profits.
- The Commission's ending cash increased by \$537,868 while grants receivable increased by \$422,878 related to the increase in grant revenues.
- The Commission's total liabilities increased by \$320,802 primarily due to an increase in accounts payable related to the purchase of vans through the TDOT Section 5310 grant.

## **Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2020**

- The assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,225,177 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$1,730,450 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Commission's total net position increased by \$387,220. This increase is primarily the result of decreased program expenses.

- The Commission's ending cash increased by \$650,474 while grants receivable decreased by \$608,243 due to payments received prior to year-end.
- The Commission's total liabilities decreased by \$397,799 primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable.

## **Overview of Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements which consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The comparative Statements of Net Position presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The comparative Statements of Activities present information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the last two fiscal years. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs (full accrual accounting), regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected grant and contract reimbursements, and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Commission uses one fund, the general fund, which is considered a governmental fund.

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 13-17 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-29 of this report.

**Supplementary Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Commission's budgetary compliance and variances from the final amended budget, and schedules of expenditures of federal and state financial assistance. This supplementary information can be found on pages 30-34 of this report.

## **Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Commission's financial position. As of June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Commission's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$3,372,125, \$2,859,800 and \$2,225,177, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the majority of the Commission's net position reflects its current assets (e.g. cash and cash equivalents and receivables). These current assets (less current liabilities) equal approximately 92% of total net position; however, all net position is not available for future operational spending as \$395,944, or 12%, is invested in capital assets. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$2,976,181 may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As the following table shows, the Commission reported an increase in net position of \$512,325 for the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. As previously noted, this increase is the result of a combination of increased revenues.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Commission reported an increase in net position of \$634,623. This increase was primarily the result of increased grant revenues. The increase of \$422,878 in grants receivable was due to payments related to grant programs received after year-end.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Commission reported an increase in net position of \$387,220. This increase was primarily the result of decreased program expenses. The decrease of \$608,243 in grants receivable was due to payments related to grant programs received prior to the end of the year.

			A	s Restated			
		FYE		FYE	FYE*		
	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		Ju	ne 30, 2020	
Current and Other Assets	\$	3,777,226	\$ 3,171,847		\$	2,218,291	
Capital Assets - Net		439,800		496,596		494,727	
Total Assets		4,217,026		3,668,443		2,713,018	
Current Liabilities		685,249		613,886		374,796	
Non Current Liabilities Outstanding	159,652		194,757		113,04		
Total Liabilities		844,901		808,643		487,841	
Net Position:							
Investment in							
Capital Assets		395,944		442,106		494,727	
Unrestricted		2,976,181		2,417,694		1,730,450	
Total Net Position	\$	3,372,125	\$	2,859,800	\$	2,225,177	
Increase in Net Position	\$	512,325	\$	634,623	\$	387,220	
* Not practical to restate for GASB 87							

#### Knoxville-Knox County Planning Commission Condensed Statement of Net Position

The next table shows the key elements from ongoing operations that contributed to the increase in net position of \$512,325 during the current fiscal year. The reasons for this year's increase are a combination of increased revenues in various categories.

For fiscal year 2022, total revenues increased by \$62,911. The increase is a result of increased contributions from the City of Knoxville that offset the decrease in grant revenues.

For fiscal year 2021, total revenues increased by \$636,149. The increase is in charges for services of \$115,156 resulting from increased fees for rezonings, subdivisions and other applications and an increase in federal government grants of \$410,750 (primarily in the transit services programs), an increase of \$40,666 in state government grants (primarily in the Tennessee Department of Transportation grants).

For fiscal year 2020, total revenues decreased by \$802,997. That decrease is primarily due to a decrease in federal government grants of \$580,530 (primarily in the transit services programs), a decrease of \$91,792 in state government grants (primarily in the Tennessee Department of Transportation grants), and a decrease in local grants of \$42,549.

Total expenses for fiscal year 2022 increased by \$185,209. The increase was primarily in Contracted Services due to a regional study of pavement conditions throughout the Knoxville area.

During fiscal year 2021, total expenses increased by \$388,746. The increase primarily in Supplies and Materials due to increased purchases of vehicles related to the transit program grants.

During fiscal year 2020, total expenses decreased by \$1,022,829. The decrease included decreases in each category but mainly in Supplies and Materials due to decreased purchases of vehicles related to the transit program grants.

#### Knoxville-Knox County Planning Commission Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position

	As Restated FYE FYE				FYE*	
	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	734,219	\$	736,290	\$	621,134
Federal, State and Local Grants		1,909,587		1,984,898		1,529,375
City of Knoxville and Knox County		2,269,990		2,129,697		2,064,227
Total Revenues		4,913,796		4,850,885		4,214,736
Expenses:						
Personnel Services		2,624,177		2,598,128		2,621,940
Contracted Services		1,529,685		795,055		811,972
Supplies and Materials		52,922		620,486		155,376
Other Charges		124,205		131,712		179,391
Depreciation		70,482		70,881		58,837
Total Expenses		4,401,471		4,216,262		3,827,516
Change in Net Position		512,325		634,623		387,220
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,859,800		2,225,177		1,837,957
Net Position - End of Year * Not practical to restate for GASB 87	\$	3,372,125	\$	2,859,800	\$	2,225,177

\* Not practical to restate for GASB 87

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, which is found on page 17 of this report, details the original and final budget, actual revenues and expenditures, as well as the variances from the final budget. The Commission's actual revenues were \$1,055,312 under budget primarily due to decreases in federal grants reflected in the budget. The Commission's actual expenditures were \$1,672,059 under budget and each category was less than budget. The net result is a \$616,747 favorable budget variance. The following table is a summary of the budget and actual results for the current year.

#### **Knoxville-Knox County Planning Commission**

Budget vs. Actual

June 30, 2022

	Variance With						
				Final Budget			
	Original	Final		Positive	2021		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Total		
Total Revenues	\$ 5,969,108	\$ 5,969,108	\$ 4,913,796	\$(1,055,312)	\$ 4,850,885		
Total Expenditures	5,986,108	6,051,839	4,379,780	1,672,059	4,136,419		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(17,000)	(82,731)	534,016	616,747	714,466		
Fund Balances, July 1	2,557,961	2,557,961	2,557,961		1,843,495		
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 2,540,961	\$ 2,475,230	\$ 3,091,977	\$ 616,747	\$ 2,557,961		

**Capital Assets.** The Commission's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022, amounts to \$439,800 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). Capital assets include furniture and fixtures, computer and office equipment, vehicles and leases. The Commission's investment in capital assets decreased for the current fiscal year by 11%, or \$56,796, due mainly to depreciation and amortization expense. As of June 30, 2021, the Commission's investment in capital assets amounted to \$496,596 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the Commission's investment in capital assets amounted to \$494,727 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). For a detailed schedule of the Commission's capital assets, see Note 4: Capital Assets on pages 25 and 26 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

**Long-term Obligations.** Long-term obligations consist of compensated absences payable and sick leave liability as well as leases. Long-term obligations decreased by \$35,105 in 2022, increased by \$81,712 in 2021 and decreased by \$692 in 2020. The decrease in 2022 was due mainly to a decrease in the annual leave liability. For a detailed schedule of the Commission's long-term obligations, see Note 5: Long Term Obligations on page 27 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

## Fiscal Year 2023 Budget

The Commission's budget adopted for 2023 reflects budgeted total expenditures of \$5,809,880, which is a 4.17% decrease from the 2022 original budget. The decrease in the Commission's fiscal year 2023 budget is primarily related to grant expenditures.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Knoxville-Knox County Planning Commission's finances for all of those with an interest in the Commission's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Executive Director, Knoxville-Knox County Planning Commission, 400 Main Street, Suite 403, City-County Building, Knoxville, Tennessee, 37902.

#### STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	1	As Restated 2021
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,957,451	\$	2,265,006
Accounts Receivable:			
Grants Receivable	808,677		897,408
Prepaid Items	11,098		9,433
Capital Assets:			
Buildings	253,258		253,258
Machinery and Equipment	298,147		298,147
Vehicles	24,012		24,012
Leases	65,026		65,026
Work in Progress	13,686		-
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	 (214,329)		(143,847)
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	439,800		496,596
Total Assets	 4,217,026		3,668,443
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	364,256		347,355
Accrued Liabilities	19		24
Accrued Payroll	92,291		78,081
Unearned Revenue	14,267		-
Due to Others	350		350
Compensated Absences	203,301		177,442
Lease Liability - Current Portion	 10,765		10,634
Total Current Liabilities	 685,249		613,886
Non-current Liabilities			
Compensated Absences	126,561		150,901
Lease Liability	 33,091		43,856
Total Non-current Liabilities	 159,652		194,757
Total Liabilities	 844,901		808,643
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	395,944		442,106
Unrestricted	 2,976,181		2,417,694
Total Net Position	\$ 3,372,125	\$	2,859,800

#### STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

## For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022	As Restated 2021		
Program Revenues:	¢	724 210	¢	72( 200	
Charges for Services	\$	734,219	\$	736,290	
Operating Grants and Contributions:		1 729 550		1 797 142	
Federal Government Grants		1,728,550		1,787,143	
State of Tennessee Grants		154,407		172,074	
Local Grants		26,630		25,681	
Total Program Revenues		2,643,806		2,721,188	
Program Expenses:					
Personnel Services		2,624,177		2,598,128	
Contracted Services		1,529,685		795,055	
Supplies and Materials		52,922		620,486	
Other Charges		124,205		131,712	
Depreciation and Amortization		70,482		70,881	
Total Program Expenses		4,401,471		4,216,262	
Net Program Deficiency of Revenues					
Under Expenses		(1,757,665)		(1,495,074)	
General Revenues:					
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to					
Specific Programs:					
City of Knoxville		1,304,900		1,266,900	
Knox County		803,250		812,500	
Other Revenues		161,840		50,297	
Total General Revenues		2,269,990		2,129,697	
Change in Net Position		512,325		634,623	
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,859,800		2,225,177	
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$	3,372,125	\$	2,859,800	

## BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND June 30, 2022 and 2021

ASSETS	 2022	ŀ	As Restated 2021		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,957,451	\$	2,265,006		
Accounts Receivable:	909 (77		007 400		
Grants Receivable	808,677		897,408		
Prepaid Items	 11,098		9,433		
Total Assets	\$ 3,777,226	\$	3,171,847		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 364,256	\$	347,355		
Accrued Liabilities	19		24		
Accrued Payroll	92,291		78,081		
Unearned Revenue	14,267		-		
Due to Others	350		350		
Compensated Absences Payable	203,301		177,442		
Leases	 10,765		10,634		
Total Liabilities	 685,249		613,886		
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	11,098		9,433		
Assigned	-		-		
Unassigned	 3,080,879		2,548,528		
Total Fund Balances	 3,091,977		2,557,961		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,777,226	\$	3,171,847		

## KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEETS -GENERAL FUND TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022 and 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:	2022		As Restated 2021	
statements of het position are different because.				
Ending Fund Balance - General Fund	\$	3,091,977	\$	2,557,961
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds:		439,800		496,596
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences and leases, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
Compensated absences and leases		(159,652)		(194,757)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,372,125	\$	2,859,800

## STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022		A	As Restated <b>2021</b>
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	734,219	\$	736,290
Federal Government Grants		1,728,550		1,787,143
State of Tennessee Grants		154,407		172,074
Local Grants		26,630		25,681
City of Knoxville		1,304,900		1,266,900
Knox County		803,250		812,500
Other Revenues		161,840		50,297
Total Revenues		4,913,796		4,850,885
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Personnel Services		2,648,517		2,560,272
Contracted Services		1,529,685		795,055
Supplies and Materials		52,922		620,486
Other Charges		124,205		142,248
Capital Outlay		24,451		18,358
Total Expenditures		4,379,780		4,136,419
Net Change in Fund Balance		534,016		714,466
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,557,961		1,843,495
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	3,091,977	\$	2,557,961

## KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITES For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:	2022		As Restated 2022 2021		
Net Change in Fund Balance - General Fund	\$	534,016	\$	714,466	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay \$24,451 is less than depreciation and amortization \$70,482 in the current year. During 2021, capital outlay \$18,358 was less than depreciation and amortization \$70,881.		(46,031)		(52,523)	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the General Fund.					
Change in compensated absences payable.		24,340		(27,320)	
Change in Net Position per Statements of Activities	\$	512,325	\$	634,623	

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Wit	Variance h Final Budget	1	As Restated 2021 Actual
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 510,000	\$ 510,000	\$ 734,219	\$	224,219	\$	736,290
Federal Government Grants	3,239,598	3,239,598	1,728,550		(1,511,048)		1,787,143
State of Tennessee Grants	48,000	48,000	154,407		106,407		172,074
Local Grants	-	-	26,630		26,630		25,681
City of Knoxville	1,304,900	1,304,900	1,304,900		-		1,266,900
Knox County	853,250	853,250	803,250		(50,000)		812,500
Other Revenues	 13,360	 13,360	 161,840		148,480		50,297
Total Revenues	 5,969,108	 5,969,108	 4,913,796		(1,055,312)		4,850,885
Expenditures							
Current:							
Personnel Services	3,076,716	3,076,716	2,648,517		428,199		2,560,272
Contracted Services	2,176,923	2,241,669	1,529,685		711,984		795,055
Supplies and Materials	532,572	532,572	52,922		479,650		620,486
Other Charges	159,897	159,897	124,205		35,692		142,248
Capital Outlay	40,000	40,985	24,451		16,534		18,358
Total Expenditures	 5,986,108	 6,051,839	 4,379,780		1,672,059		4,136,419
Net Change in Fund Balances	(17,000)	(82,731)	534,016		616,747		714,466
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 2,557,961	 2,557,961	 2,557,961				1,843,495
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,540,961	\$ 2,475,230	\$ 3,091,977	\$	616,747	\$	2,557,961

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Knoxville - Knox County Planning Commission (the Commission) was formed in 1956. The Commission is a regional planning commission established by the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development pursuant to the provisions of the Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 13-3-102. The Commission's Board is composed of fifteen members serving fouryear terms, eight of whom are nominated by the Knox County Mayor and the remaining seven are nominated by the Mayor of the City of Knoxville. The Local Government Planning Advisory Committee of the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development approves the nominations. The participating governments have an ongoing financial responsibility to the Commission, but do not have any equity interest in the Commission.

The Commission's financial statements include the accounts of all Commission operations.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statements of activities) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements employ the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are "measurable and available". "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Commission considers revenue generated from charges for service (i.e. fees) available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. All other revenues are considered available if collected within one year after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except for compensated absences which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Accounting (continued)

The General Fund is accounted for using the current flow of financial resources as the measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The general fund balance is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". The operating statement of the general fund presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of its spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for the General Fund excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as general fund expenditures or fund liabilities.

#### 1. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Commission are organized, operated and presented on the basis of funds. Funds are independent fiscal and accounting entities with self-balancing sets of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The Commission reports one governmental fund, the General Fund. The General Fund is the Commission's operating fund which accounts for all financial resources.

## 2. Sources of Revenue

The Commission receives funding from Knox County, the City of Knoxville, the State of Tennessee, the Federal Government, and from private grants and fees.

#### 3. Classification of Expenditures by Function

All expenditures made by the Commission fall under the functional classification of general government since they are for the purpose of planning.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The Commission's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Commission's cash, cash equivalents and investments are pooled and managed by the Trustee of Knox County. State Statutes authorize the Commission to invest in obligations of the federal government, State of Tennessee, U.S. governmental agencies, the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. All investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments, however, are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Tennessee Code Annotated Section 5-8-201 requires financial institutions to secure the Commission's deposits by pledging governmental securities as collateral. The market value of the securities must be at least 105 percent of the average daily balance of the Commission's deposits.

#### 2. Receivables, Payables, and Unearned Revenue

All trade and subsidy receivables and payables are recognized when incurred and recorded at full value. Any amounts later determined to be uncollectible are written off when that determination is made. Management does not believe an allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary. Unearned revenue is reported in connection with receivables for revenues that have not yet been earned and are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current accounting period.

#### 3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items when paid and expensed in the applicable future accounting period.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets (continued)

Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Assets	Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5
Computers and Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5
Building Renovations	25

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred; major renewals and betterments are capitalized. When capital assets are sold, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and any gain or loss is charged or credited to operations.

Capital assets reported as construction in progress are stated at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives when placed into service.

#### 5. Compensated Absences Payable

It is the Commission's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused vacation and sick pay benefits based on years of service. Vacation pay is accrued when earned. Commission employees are generally not entitled to pay-out of sick leave at separation of employment. However, for the purpose of rewarding longevity and judicious use of the sick leave benefit, long time Commission employees shall be eligible upon separation to receive a payment for unused accrued sick leave in accordance with the following:

- The employee shall have worked for the Commission for a minimum of 15 years.
- Employees shall receive payment for unused accumulated sick leave up to a maximum accrual of \$10,000.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (continued)

#### 6. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Commission is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. endowments). Fund balance not in spendable form includes items not expected to be converted to cash (e.g. prepaid items).

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes. These amounts result from constraints placed on the use of resources (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which for the Knoxville-Knox County Planning Commission is the Commission's Board. Amounts are reported as committed pursuant to approvals voted by the Commission's legislative branch, which have also been approved by the Commission's Director (executive branch).

Assigned fund balance consists of amounts constrained by the Commission's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments may be made upon the authority of the Commission's Director.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual balance in the general fund (i.e. fund balance that is not nonspendable, nor restricted, nor committed, nor assigned). When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, restricted amounts are expended first, and then unrestricted funds are used. When expenditures are incurred utilizing unrestricted funds, unassigned amounts are expended first, then assigned amounts, then committed amounts.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (continued)

#### 6. Fund Balance (continued)

Net position in government-wide financial statements is classified as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law.

#### 7. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### 8. Reclassifications

Certain items have been reclassified from the prior year to conform to current year presentation.

## **NOTE 2: BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

As required by State Statutes, the Commission adopts an annual budget. The budget proposal is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Commission's budget is presented to its Executive Committee for review and approval then forwarded to the full Commission for vote and legal adoption. The appropriated budget is approved at a summary level and emphasis is also placed on complying with the grant budget, terms and conditions on a grant by grant basis. These terms and conditions usually specify the period during which costs may be incurred and outline budget restrictions or allowances.

The appropriated budget is prepared at the major category level. For the Commission, the legal level of budgetary control, that is, the level at which management cannot overspend funds without a budget amendment approved by the Commission, is the major category level. The major categories are Personnel Services, Contracted Services, Supplies and Materials, Other Charges and Capital Outlay.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

## **NOTE 2: BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued)**

The Commission's primary funding source is federal, state, and local grants which have a grant period that may or may not coincide with the fiscal year due to the fact that grants range from being less than a twelve month period to multiple years. Because of the Commission's dependency on federal, state, and local budgetary decisions, revenue estimates are based upon the best available information as to potential sources of funding.

The annual budget is subject to constant change within the fiscal year due to increases/decreases in actual grant awards from those estimated, changes in grant periods, unanticipated grant awards not included in the budget, and revised expenditure needs.

The Commission reports a total increase or decrease in net position which enables the Commission to determine the funds available for appropriation.

## NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

During the current and prior fiscal years, the bank collateral pool administered by the Treasurer of the State of Tennessee covered the Commission's cash and cash equivalents, which were pooled and managed by the Trustee of Knox County. Banks participating in the collateral pool determine the aggregate balance of their public fund accounts for the Commission.

Collateral securities required to be pledged by the participating banks to protect their public fund accounts are pledged to the State Treasurer on behalf of the bank collateral pool. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be entirely insured or collateralized.

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** June 30, 2022 and 2021

## **NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 13,686	\$ -	\$ 13,686
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and A	Amortizated:			
Leasehold improvements	\$ 253,258	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 253,258
Furniture and fixtures	255,335	-	-	255,335
Computer and equipment	42,812	-	-	42,812
Vehicles	24,012	-	-	24,012
Leases	65,026	-	-	65,026
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated and Amortized	640,443			640,443
Less Accumulated Depreciation and An	nortization for:			
Leasehold improvements	(20,939)	(10,100)	-	(31,039)
Furniture and fixtures	(79,209)	(42,967)	-	(122,176)
Computer and equipment	(13,334)	(2,256)	-	(15,590)
Vehicles	(19,608)	(4,402)	-	(24,010)
Leases	(10,757)	(10,757)		(21,514)
Total Accumulated Depreciation				
and Amortization	(143,847)	(70,482)	-	(214,329)
Total Capital Assets Being	` <i></i>	<u>,                                </u>		<u>`</u>
Depreciated and Amortized, Net	496,596	(70,482)		426,114
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 496,596	\$ (56,796)	\$ -	\$ 439,800

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** June 30, 2022 and 2021

# NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	As Restated Ending Balance
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and A	mortizated:			
Leasehold improvements	\$ 253,258	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 253,258
Furniture and fixtures	247,611	7,724	-	255,335
Computer and equipment	42,812	-	-	42,812
Vehicles	24,012	-	-	24,012
Leases	-	65,026		65,026
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated and Amortized	567,693	72,750	-	640,443
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Am		(10,100)		
Leasehold improvements	(10,839)	(10,100)	-	(20,939)
Furniture and fixtures	(36,242)	(42,967)	-	(79,209)
Computer and equipment	(11,079)	(2,255)	-	(13,334)
Vehicles	(14,806)	(4,802)	-	(19,608)
Leases		(10,757)		(10,757)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Total Capital Assets Being	(72,966)	(70,881)		(143,847)
Depreciated, Net	\$ 494,727	\$ 1,869	\$ -	\$ 496,596

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

## **NOTE 5: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 328,343	\$ 225,683	\$ (224,164)	\$ 329,862	\$ 203,301
Leases	54,490	-	(10,634)	43,856	10,765
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 382,833	\$ 225,683	\$ (234,798)	\$ 373,718	\$ 214,066

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

					As Restated
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 301,450	\$ 196,896	\$(170,003)	\$ 328,343	\$ 177,442
Leases		65,026	(10,536)	54,490	10,634
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 301,450	\$ 261,922	\$ (180,539)	\$ 382,833	\$ 188,076

The sick leave liability is expected to be paid after one year and is calculated based on the retirement requirements for early and longevity retirement.

## **NOTE 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Knox County provides office space within the City/County Building to the Commission. The Commission paid for maintenance costs amounting to \$29,318 in fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Maintenance costs are agreed to each year during budget negotiations. Knox County provides various administrative and internal service functions to the Commission. The total charged by the County to the Commission for those services was \$59,579 and \$79,586 in fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### NOTE 7: ECONOMIC CONCENTRATION

The City of Knoxville and Knox County, Tennessee provided funding of \$2,108,150 in the current fiscal year and \$2,079,400 in the past fiscal year to the Commission, which amounted to 43 percent of total revenues for the fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

#### **NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission maintains general liability, auto liability and worker's compensation insurance through a public entity risk pool operated as a risk-sharing program by the Tennessee Municipal League (TML). This pool is sustained by member premiums. Because the TML pool has excess aggregate and individual claim loss insurance coverage, management considers any related risk to be insignificant. The Commission has had no significant reduction in insurance coverage over the last three years. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage over the last three years.

#### **NOTE 9: FUND BALANCES**

The amount that is reported on the balance sheets –general fund as nonspendable fund balance on June 30, 2022 and 2021 is comprised of prepaid items. Those amounts totaled \$11,098 and \$9,433, respectively.

#### NOTE 10: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

The Commission participates in the Knox County defined contribution asset accumulation plan (the DC Plan), a single employer plan of Knox County, Tennessee, that covers substantially all full-time employees of the Commission. The plan is administered by the Knox County Retirement and Pension Board. Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Participation begins on the first day of employment and all eligible employees not participating in another county or state retirement plan are required to participate.

Employees vest in the employer contributions at 20% per year after one year of service and are 100% vested after five years. All employees who work at least 18.5 hours a week are required to contribute a minimum of 6% of compensation. This contribution is matched dollar-for-dollar by the Commission. Forfeitures are used to assist in funding the Knox County Employee Disability Plan.

The Commission also participates in the Knox County Voluntary 457 plan which incorporates voluntary pre-tax contributions by the participant with an employer match based on length of service with the Commission. For 2022, the defined contribution plan has 35 active members and the 457 plan has 18 active members. For 2021, the defined contribution plan had 33 active members and the 457 plan had 17 active members.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022 and 2021

#### NOTE 10: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

During 2022, the Commission made employer contributions of \$121,777 and the employees contributed \$121,777 to the DC Plan. The Commission made employer contributions of \$50,375 and the employees contributed \$83,097 to the 457 Plan.

During 2021, the Commission made employer contributions of \$118,046 and the employees contributed \$118,046 to the DC Plan. The Commission made employer contributions of \$48,284 and the employees contributed \$70,999 to the 457 Plan.

The assets of these plans are held in trust for the benefit of participants and their beneficiaries and are administered and managed by the Knox County Retirement and Pension Board. A description of the plans, financial statements and notes are presented in the *Knox County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **NOTE 11: LEASE LIABILITIES**

On July 1, 2021, the Commission implemented a new lease standard under GASB 87. The standard requires adjusting the financial statements back to the earliest period presented. The Commission leases equipment with 72 months remaining at implementation date. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$65,026. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$43,856. The Commission is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$936. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2170%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$65,026 with accumulated amortization of \$21,514 is included with the Lease Class on the capital asset schedule. The Commission has one extension option on one copier for 53 months and 31 months on the other copier. The FY 2021 financial statements have been restated to reflect these changes.

June 30,	-	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023 2024	\$	10,765 10,896	\$	473 342	\$	11,238 11,238	
2025 2026		11,030		208 73		11,238	
2020	-	11,165		13		11,238	
	\$_	43,856	\$_	1,096	_\$_	44,952	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
#### KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

#### SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Variance Final Budget Positive Negative)	As Restated 2021 Actual		
spenditures											
Personnel Services	\$	3,076,716	\$	3,076,716	\$	2,648,517	\$	428,199	\$	2,560,272	
Legal Services - Attorney		51,000		51,000		55,696		(4,696)		49,900	
Legal Notices		11,500		11,500		29,339		(17,839)		13,284	
Other Professional Services (Advertisement											
& Audit Services)		68,200		72,004		25,410		46,594		73,505	
Rent, Repair, & Maintenance		32,850		32,850		7,071		25,779		16,250	
Advertising		65,600		68,075		28,569		39,506		86,576	
Communications		656,500		663,920		561,666		102,254		83,680	
Other Services (Consulting, Postage & Printing)		1,122,723		1,160,690		729,435		431,255		409,868	
Contracts with Other Agencies		135,500		148,580		78,818		69,762		57,008	
Travel, Tuition, Dues & Memberships		23,550		23,550		7,679		15,871		499	
Conference Registration		9,500		9,500		6,002		3,498		4,485	
Food		16,260		16,260		11,009		5,251		3,439	
Utilities & Fuel		-		-		-		-		177	
Office Supplies & Minor Equipment		506,062		506,062		30,410		475,652		609,489	
Vehicle/ Equipment		-		-		2,981		(2,981)		0	
Educational Materials		6,250		6,250		3,512		2,738		2,681	
Other Materials (Signs)		4,000		4,000		5,010		(1,010)		4,700	
Capital Outlay		40,000		40,985		24,451		16,534		18,358	
Insurance Related Expenses - Building & Vehicles		35,500		35,500		25,146		10,354		26,368	
Workers' Compensation		8,500		8,500		515		7,985		17	
Trustee Commission		27,000		27,000		9,049		17,951		6,934	
Space Costs		29,318		29,318		29,318		-		29,318	
Other Central Service Costs		59,579		59,579		59,579		-		79,586	
Other		-		-		598		(598)		25	
Total Expenditures	\$	5,986,108	\$	6,051,839	\$	4,379,780	\$	1,672,059	\$	4,136,419	

#### KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Thro	ussed ough to ceipients	Federal Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Transportation:							
Passed through Tennessee Department of Transportation:							
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:							
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	Contract 200226 PIN No. 130740.00			\$	418,370	
Highway Planning and Construction-FHWA	20.205	Contract ID 59110 PIN No. 129931.00				556,137	
Highway Planning and Construction-FHWA	20.205	Z19-MPO-008 EDISON ID 38616				191,111	
Regional Transportation and Air Quality	20.205	F&A Contract No. GG15-45861-00				9,746	
Knoxville Smart Trips Program (Comprehensive)	20.205	Contract No.130313 PIN No. 106867.01				14,350	
Knoxville Smart Trips Program (Ridesharing)	20.205	PIN No. 125453.00 Contract #170022				40,082	
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster						1,229,796	
Federal Transit Technical Studies Grant	20.505	F&A Contract No. GG 22-71811-00				137,490	
Total Passed through Tennessee Department of Transportation						1,367,286	
Direct Payments:							
Transit Services Programs Cluster:							
Federal Transit - Enhanced Mobility Capital	20.521	Federal Project ID # TN-2022-002-01	\$	39,597		39,597	
Federal Transit - Operating Assistance	20.521	Federal Project ID # TN-2022-002-02-00		93,277		93,277	
Federal Transit - Enhanced Mobility	20.521	Federal Project ID # TN-2019-028-00		33,534		33,534	
Federal Transit - Operating Assistance	20.521	Federal Project ID # TN-2019-028-00		79,091		79,091	
Federal Transit - Administration	20.521	Federal Project ID # TN-2019-028-00		-		65,244	
Federal Transit Stimulus Funding	20.521	Federal Project ID # TN-2022-009-00		50,521		50,521	
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster				296,020		361,264	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				296,020		1,728,550	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	296,020	\$	1,728,550	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Identifying State Program Title Number Expenditures **Tennessee Department of Transportation:** EDISON ID #45861 Regional Transportation and Air Quality \$ 2,437 Federal Transit - Enhanced Mobility (Capital) Federal Project ID # TN-2019-028-00 4,191 State Contract No. 47-5310-S3-004 Federal Transit - Enhanced Mobility Federal Project ID # TN-2019-028-00 39,543 State Contract No. 47CRIT-S3-007 Federal Transit - Enhanced Mobility (Capital) TDOT Contract GG-22-75418 4,949 State Contract No. 475310-S3-005 Federal Transit - Operating Assistance Federal Project ID # TN-2022-002-02-00 42,998 State Contract No. 475310-S3-005 Federal Project ID # TN-2022-002-02-00 Federal Transit - Operating Assistance 3,639 State Contract No. 475310-S3-006 Federal Transit Technical Studies Grant Z19-MPO-008 EDISON ID 38616 4,705 TDOT Project No. 475303-S3-017 Federal Transit Technical Studies Grant Contract ID 59110 PIN No. 129931.00 34,759 State Proj.# 47954-1081-54 Federal Transit Technical Studies Grant F&A Contract No. GG 22-71811-00 17,186 TDOT Proj.# 475303-S3-018 **Total Tennessee Department of Transportation** 154,407 154,407 **Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance** 

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

## KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

June 30, 2022

## **NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION and SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance summarizes the expenditures of the Knoxville-Knox County Planning Commission (the Commission) under federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations for the Commission, they are not intended to, and do not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Commission. For purposes of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, expenditures for federal programs are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Federal awards include all grants, contracts, and similar agreements entered into directly between the Commission and agencies and departments of the federal government, and all subawards to the Commission by nonfederal organizations pursuant to federal grants, contracts, and similar agreements.

In compliance with Tennessee state law, the accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is also included in this report. This schedule presents all state funded financial assistance, as defined by the State's Comptroller's Office, and is prepared and presented in a manner consistent with the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

## **NOTE 2 – INDIRECT COSTS**

Many of the Commission's federally funded programs allow indirect costs to be charged and include them as a line item in the grant budget. However, if the grant budget does not specifically provide for indirect costs to be charged, none of the indirect costs are reported as costs to the grantor nor are the costs included or presented in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance. The Commission has elected to use the 10% de minimis rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance for the Section 5310 Federal Grant program only.

#### KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LEASE OBLIGATIONS

June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities	_	Original Amount of Issue	Interest Rate		Date of Issue	Last Maturity Date		Outstanding July 1, 2021	 lssued During Period	 	Paid and/or Matured During Period	Outstanding June 30, 2022
Leases Payable												
Copier Equipment	\$	45,101	1.217	%	7/1/2021	7/15/2026	\$	37,792	\$ -	\$	7,375	\$ 30,417
Printer Equipment	\$	19,925	1.217	%	7/1/2021	7/19/2026		16,698	-		3,259	13,439
Total Governmental Activ	vities						\$_	54,490	\$ -	\$	10,634	\$ 43,856

#### SCHEDULE OF LEASE OBLIGATIONS, PRINCIPAL, AND INTERST REQUIREMENTS BY FISCAL YEAR

#### June 30, 2022

	_	Leases								
Year Ending	J									
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total				
	-									
2023	\$	10,765	\$	473	\$	11,238				
2024		10,896		342		11,238				
2025		11,030		208		11,238				
2026	_	11,165		73		11,238				
	\$	43.856	\$	1.096	\$	44.952				

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION / SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners of the Knoxville - Knox County Planning Commission Knoxville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major governmental fund, and the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund of the Knoxville - Knox County Planning Commission ("Commission"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2022.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Commission's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pugh & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants Knoxville, Tennessee December 21, 2022



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Commissioners of the Knoxville - Knox County Planning Commission Knoxville, Tennessee

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Knoxville - Knox County Planning Commission's ("Commission") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Commission's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Commission's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Commission complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and Uniform Guidance are further discussed in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Commission's federal programs.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance with it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for the resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of each major program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses of significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pugh & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants Knoxville, Tennessee December 21, 2022

## **KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION**

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>X</u> X	no none reported
<u>X</u>	no
X X	no none reported
Unmodi	ified
<u> </u>	no
mmission	n for the fiscal year ended
e Listing N	Number
20.52	21
\$ 750,00	00
	no
	\$ 750,00 

Current Year Audit Findings: None

# Section III - Findings Related to Federal Awards

Current Year Audit Findings: None

# **KNOXVILLE - KNOX COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION**

# SCHEDULE OF DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no findings reported in the prior year.